Analysis of the scientific properties of the various robot components

How the robot “thinks”, communicates, avoids injuring human beings and what damage to the environment such robots may be causing

The EV3 Mindstorms robot “thinks” using the microprocessor (also known as a central processing unit or CPU) provided in the kit. This component acts as the “brain” of the machine. It is there to “execute and manage” (Techopedia, 2019) the tasks that it has been programmed to do. It computes the information that it receives from the various other components to logically modify its actions to accomplish the given tasks. CPUs are normally made from silicon microchips, as this material is an excellent semi-conductor once a small amount of impurities are introduced to allow electrons to flow into them (How It Works Team, 2012). These chips contain millions of transistors, which act like switches. They receive electrical signals which “tell them whether to conduct or insulate” (Coolman, R. 2014) which Allows or stops the flow of electricity through a circuit. The CPU communicates with the other components through a data bus, in this case a set of wires connecting the components to the CPU (Techopedia, 2019).

The robot avoids injury to human beings through the code that it is programmed with. When coding, our team will make use of the provided ultrasonic sensor to detect obstacles (including people), stop and move in another, unobstructed direction. Ultrasonic sensors send out acoustic sound waves, wait for them to reflect off an object in front of them and then record how long the waves take to return to the sensor. The length of time a wave takes to return determines the distance of an object in front of the sensor and if no waves return then the path is clear of obstructions (Wong, J. 2017).

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